

IV. Forecasting



Projected New Loan Production

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	TOTAL
Life Cos.	\$63 B	\$62 B	\$63 B	\$187 B
CMBS	\$110 B	\$125 B	\$125 B	\$360 B
Agencies	\$72 B	\$73 B	\$73 B	\$218 B
Banks, Others	\$169 B	\$170 B	\$170 B	\$509 B
	\$414 B	\$430 B	\$431 B	\$1,275 B

Maturing Mortgage Debt (Non-Bank)

	\$	CMBS %
2014	\$92 B	46%
2015	\$121 B	60%
2016	\$223 B	60%
2017	\$209 B	60%
<i>Total</i>	<i>\$645 B</i>	

Constraints on Liquidity

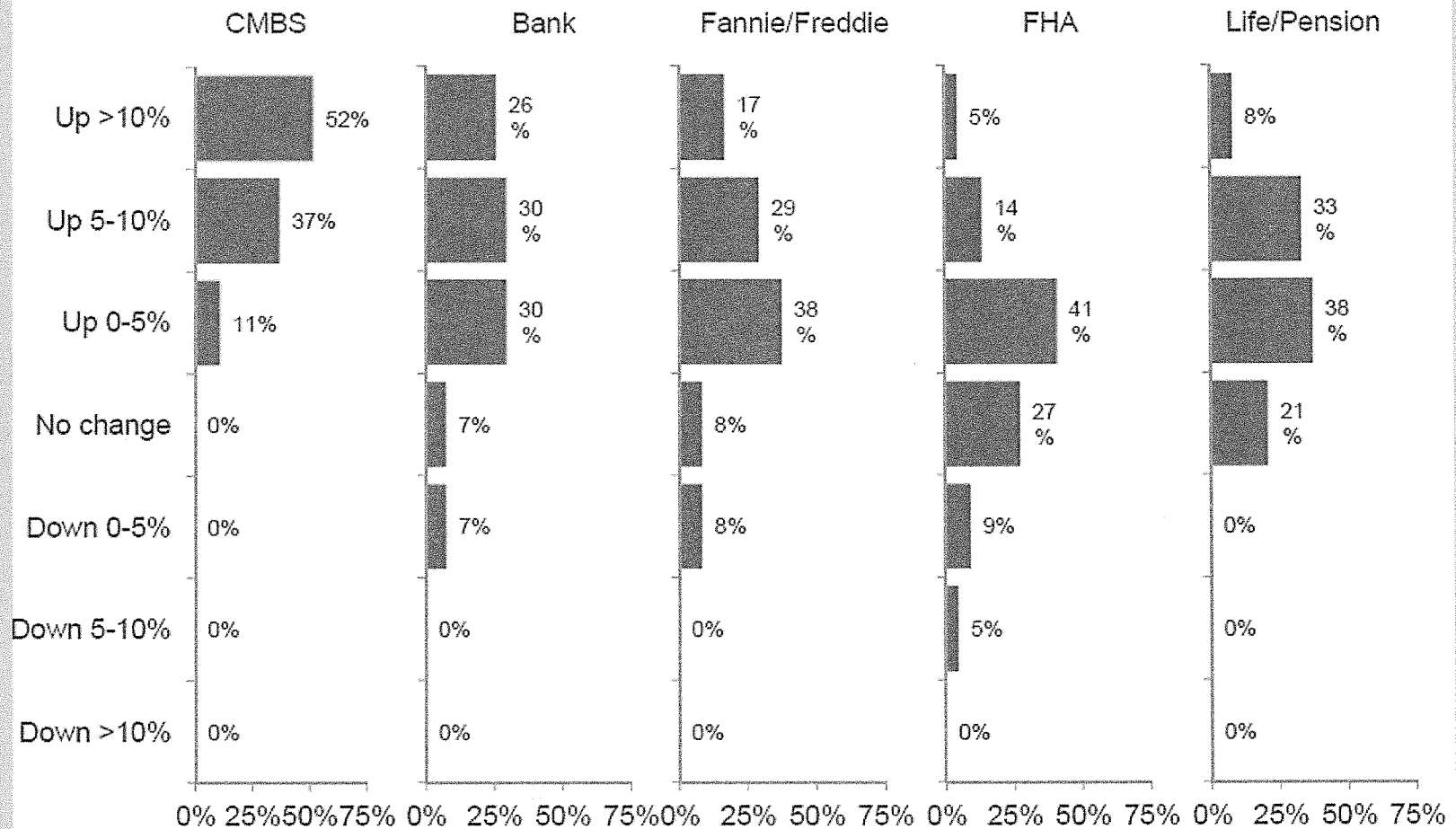
Life Cos. – Limited to no more than 15%-18% of invested assets in real estate. Currently +/- 11%

Agencies, GSE – Limited by Conservatorship constraints, political strains, and Treasury movements

CMBS – No self limits. Constrained by capital markets, perception of credit risks & available B- class buyers

Forecasting

For each investor group, what is your outlook for TOTAL MARKET originations volume in 2015, compared to total volume in 2014



Source: Mortgage Bankers Association, 2015 CREF Outlook Survey

KEY CONCLUSIONS

- **Loan risk is expected to increase in 2015.** Most respondents characterized the loans made in 2014 as “medium” risk (73 percent). In 2015, more respondents expect loans to be “somewhat high” (38 percent in 2015 versus 9 percent in 2014).
- **Loan return is expected to moderate in 2015.** Half of respondents (52 percent) characterized the loans made in 2014 as “somewhat” or “very low” return. Nearly three-quarters (74 percent) expect loans to be “somewhat” or “very low” return in 2015.

Questions & Answers

